RANK 2

SOUTH DAKOTA

SUMMARY

On the basis of its solvency in five separate categories, South Dakota ranks 2nd among the US states for fiscal health. South Dakota has between 4.76 and 6.78 times the cash needed to cover short-term obligations, well above the US average. Revenues exceed expenses by 2 percent, with an improving net position of \$106 per capita. In the long run, South Dakota has a net asset ratio of 0.34. Long-term liabilities are lower than the national average, at 8 percent of total assets, or \$650 per capita. Total unfunded pension liabilities that are guaranteed to be paid are \$13.32 billion, or 32 percent of state personal income.

2016 TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

STATE DEBT

	General obligation bonds	Total primary government debt	State personal income	Ratio of debt to state personal income	Total primary debt per capita
South Dakota	\$0.00	\$0.52 billion	\$41.58 billion	1.3%	\$603
National average	\$5.85 billion	\$12.65 billion	\$319.33 billion	3.7%	\$1,830

PENSION LIABILITY

	Unfunded pension liability	Funded ratio	Market value of unfunded liability	Market value of funded liability ratio
South Dakota	\$0.00	100%	\$13.32 billion	45%
National average	\$23.43 billion	73%	\$135.50 billion	32%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

	Total unfunded OPEB	Funded ratio	
South Dakota	n/a*	n/a*	
National average	\$14.51 billion	14%	

^{*} South Dakota does not report an OPEB liability.

1. Nebraska

2. South Dakota

- 3. Tennessee
- 4. Florida
- 5. Oklahoma
- 6. Wyoming
- 7. Idaho
- 8. Utah
- 9. North Carolina
- 10. Nevada
- 11. Alaska
- 12. New Hampshire
- 13. Virginia
- 14. Alabama
- 15. Missouri
- 16. Montana
- 17. Kansas
- 18. Georgia
- 19. North Dakota
- 20. South Carolina
- 21. Indiana
- 22. Texas
- 23. Ohio
- 24. Minnesota
- 25. Arkansas
- 26. Wisconsin
- 27. Arizona
- 28. Colorado
- 29. Iowa
- 30. Washington
- 31. Oregon
- 32. Michigan
- 33. Maryland
- 34. Maine35. Pennsylvania
- 36. Mississippi
- 37. Louisiana
- 38. Hawaii
- 39. Vermont
- 40. Rhode Island
- 41. New York
- 42. California
- 43. West Virginia
- 44. Delaware
- 45. New Mexico
- 46. Kentucky
- 47. Massachusetts
- 48. New Jersev
- 49. Connecticut
- 50. Illinois



3rd cash 3.0 solvency 2nd long-run solvency 6th service-level solvency

UNDERLYING RATIOS

	Cash ratio	Quick ratio	Current ratio	Operating ratio	Surplus (or deficit) per capita	Net asset ratio	Long-term liability ratio	Long-term liability per capita
South Dakota	4.76	6.63	6.78	1.02	\$106	0.34	0.08	\$650
National average	2.22	2.99	3.22	1.01	-\$72	-0.17	0.63	\$4,387
	Tax-to-ind		Revenue-to-		ses-to-	Pension-to-inc	come OPEE	3-to-income

	Tax-to-income ratio	Revenue-to- income ratio	Expenses-to- income ratio	Pension-to-income ratio	OPEB-to-income ratio
South Dakota	0.04	0.09	0.09	0.32	0.00
National average	0.06	0.13	0.13	0.43	0.04

1.0

US

avg

2.0

KEY TERMS

13th trust fund solvency

28th budget solvency

- Cash solvency measures whether a state has enough cash to cover its shortterm bills, which include accounts payable, vouchers, warrants, and shortterm debt. (South Dakota ranks 3rd.)
- **Budget solvency** measures whether a state can cover its fiscal year spending using current revenues. Did it run a shortfall during the year? (South Dakota ranks 28th.)
- **Long-run solvency** measures whether a state has a hedge against large long-term liabilities. Are enough assets available to cushion the state from potential shocks or long-term fiscal risks? (South Dakota ranks 2nd.)
- **Service-level solvency** measures how high taxes, revenues, and spending are when compared to state personal income. Do states have enough "fiscal slack"? If spending commitments demand more revenues, are states in a good position to increase taxes without harming the economy? Is spending high or low relative to the tax base? (South Dakota ranks 6th.)
- **Trust fund solvency** measures how much debt a state has. How large are unfunded pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities compared to the state personal income? (South Dakota ranks 13th.)

-1.0

-2.0

-3.0

distance from US average (in standard deviations) For a complete explanation of the methodology used to calculate South Dakota's fiscal health rankings, see Eileen Norcross and Olivia Gonzalez, "Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition, 2018 Edition" (Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University, Arlington, VA, October 2018).