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NEW MEXICO

SUMMARY

On the basis of its solvency in five separate categories, New Mexico ranks 45th among the US states for fiscal health. New Mexico has between 2.01 and 2.60 times the cash needed to cover short-term obligations. Revenues only cover 96 percent of expenses, with a worsening net position of –\$490 per capita. In the long run, New Mexico has a net asset ratio of 0.5. Long-term liabilities are lower than the national average, at 23 percent of total assets, or \$3,977 per capita. Total unfunded pension liabilities that are guaranteed to be paid are \$64.64 billion, or 80 percent of state personal income. OPEB are \$3.81 billion, or 5 percent of state personal income.

2016 TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

STATE DEBT

	General obligation bonds	Total primary government debt	State personal income	Ratio of debt to state personal income	Total primary debt per capita
New Mexico	\$0.33 billion	\$3.50 billion	\$80.76 billion	4.3%	\$1,681
National average	\$5.85 billion	\$12.65 billion	\$319.33 billion	3.7%	\$1,830

PENSION LIABILITY

	Unfunded pension liability	Funded ratio	Market value of unfunded liability	Market value of funded liability ratio
New Mexico	\$11.49 billion	70%	\$64.64 billion	29%
National average	\$23.43 billion	73%	\$135.50 billion	32%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

	Total unfunded OPEB	Funded ratio	
New Mexico	\$3.81 billion	11%	
National average	\$14.51 billion	14%	

- 1. Nebraska
- 2. South Dakota
- 3. Tennessee
- 4. Florida
- 5. Oklahoma
- 6. Wyoming
- 7. Idaho
- 8. Utah
- 9. North Carolina
- 10. Nevada
- 11. Alaska
- 12. New Hampshire
- 13. Virginia
- 14. Alabama
- 15. Missouri
- 16. Montana
- 17. Kansas
- 18. Georgia
- 19. North Dakota
- 20. South Carolina
- 21. Indiana
- 22. Texas
- 23. Ohio
- 24. Minnesota
- 25. Arkansas
- 26. Wisconsin
- 27. Arizona
- 28. Colorado
- 29. Iowa
- 30. Washington
- 31. Oregon
- 32. Michigan
- 33. Maryland
- 34. Maine
- 35. Pennsylvania
- 36. Mississippi
- 37. Louisiana
- 38. Hawaii
- 39. Vermont
- 40. Rhode Island
- 41. New York
- 42. California
- 43. West Virginia
- 44. Delaware

45. New Mexico

- 46. Kentucky
- 47. Massachusetts
- 48. New Jersev
- 49. Connecticut
- 50. Illinois



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UNDERLYING RATIOS

	Cash ratio	Quick ratio	Current ratio	Operating ratio	Surplus (or deficit) per capita	Net asset ratio	Long-term liability ratio	Long-term liability per capita
New Mexico	2.01	2.53	2.60	0.96	-\$490	0.50	0.23	\$3,977
National average	2.22	2.99	3.22	1.01	-\$72	-0.17	0.63	\$4,387

	Tax-to-income ratio	Revenue-to- income ratio	Expenses-to- income ratio	Pension-to-income ratio	OPEB-to-income ratio
New Mexico	0.07	0.23	0.24	0.80	0.05
National average	0.06	0.13	0.13	0.43	0.04

1.0

2.0

KEY TERMS

- Cash solvency measures whether a state has enough cash to cover its shortterm bills, which include accounts payable, vouchers, warrants, and shortterm debt. (New Mexico ranks 21st.)
- **Budget solvency** measures whether a state can cover its fiscal year spending using current revenues. Did it run a shortfall during the year? (New Mexico ranks 43rd.)
- **Long-run solvency** measures whether a state has a hedge against large long-term liabilities. Are enough assets available to cushion the state from potential shocks or long-term fiscal risks? (New Mexico ranks 14th.)
- **Service-level solvency** measures how high taxes, revenues, and spending are when compared to state personal income. Do states have enough "fiscal slack"? If spending commitments demand more revenues, are states in a good position to increase taxes without harming the economy? Is spending high or low relative to the tax base? (New Mexico ranks 50th.)
- **Trust fund solvency** measures how much debt a state has. How large are unfunded pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities compared to the state personal income? (New Mexico ranks 49th.)

14th long-run ▶ solvency US avg **21st** cash > solvency 43rd budget ▶ -1.0solvency 49th trust fund ▶ solvency -2.0

distance from US average (in standard deviations)

50th

service-level

solvency

-3.0

For a complete explanation of the methodology used to calculate New Mexico's fiscal health rankings, see Eileen Norcross and Olivia Gonzalez, "Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition, 2018 Edition" (Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University, Arlington, VA, October 2018).