A Snapshot of Florida Regulation in 2017
173,974 Restrictions, 11.1 Million Words, and 15 Weeks to Read

by James Broughel and Daniel Francis
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It would take an ordinary person more than two and a half years to read the entire US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), which contained more than 104 million words in 2016.\(^1\) The sheer size of the CFR poses a problem not just for the individuals and businesses that want to stay in compliance with the law, but also for anyone interested in understanding the consequences of this massive system of rules. States also have sizable regulatory codes, which add an additional layer to the large body of federal regulation. A prime example is the online version of the 2017 Florida Administrative Code (FAC).\(^2\)

Researchers at the Mercatus Center at George Mason University developed State RegData,\(^3\) a platform for analyzing and quantifying state regulatory text. State RegData captures information in minutes that would take an ordinary person hours, weeks, or even years to obtain. For example, the tool allows researchers to identify the industries that state regulation targets most by connecting text relevant to those industries with restrictive word counts. Known as regulatory restrictions, the words and phrases shall, must, may not, prohibited, and required can signify legal constraints and obligations.\(^4\) As shown in figure 1, the three industries with the highest estimates of industry-relevant restrictions in the 2017 FAC are chemical manufacturing, food manufacturing, and animal production and aquaculture.

State RegData also reveals that the FAC contains 173,974 restrictions and more than 11.1 million words. It would take an individual about 619 hours—or 15 weeks—to read the entire FAC.

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1. This assumes the person reads 300 words per minute for 40 hours per week with two weeks of vacation per year. “RegData 3.0,” QuantGov; Patrick A. McLaughlin et al., “Regdata 3.0 User’s Guide” (working paper, 2017).
3. State RegData is part of a broader project called QuantGov, which seeks to quantify legal text. See Patrick A. McLaughlin and Oliver Sherouse, “QuantGov—A Policy Analytics Platform,” QuantGov, October 31, 2016.
4. Restrictions can also occur in legal text for other purposes, such as for definitional purposes. At times, restrictions may relate to government employees rather than the private sector.
That’s assuming the reader spends 40 hours per week reading and reads at a rate of 300 words per minute. For comparison, there are more than 1.08 million additional restrictions in the federal code.\(^5\) Individuals and businesses in Florida must navigate these different layers of restrictions to remain in compliance.

**Figure 1. Top 10 Industries Targeted by Florida State Regulation in 2017**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Restriction Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Manufacturing</td>
<td>9,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Manufacturing</td>
<td>6,692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animal Production and Aquaculture</td>
<td>3,879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambulatory Health Care Services</td>
<td>2,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop Production</td>
<td>2,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Equipment Manufacturing</td>
<td>1,926</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services</td>
<td>1,506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telecommunications</td>
<td>1,289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing and Residential Care Facilities</td>
<td>1,209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair and Maintenance</td>
<td>1,180</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Rules in the FAC are organized by regulatory department. Figure 2 shows that the section of the FAC associated with the Department of Environmental Protection contains more than 23,000 restrictions. By this measure, this is the biggest regulator in Florida. Coming in second and third are, respectively, the Department of Financial Services and the Department of Health, each with more than 18,000 restrictions.

Federal regulation tends to attract the most headlines, but it is important to remember that the more than 104 million words and 1.08 million restrictions in the federal code significantly understate the true scope of regulation in the United States. States like Florida write millions of additional words of regulation and hundreds of thousands of additional restrictions. State-level requirements carry the force of law to restrict individuals and businesses just as federal ones do.

Researchers are only beginning to understand the consequences of the massive and growing federal regulatory system on economic growth and well-being in the United States. Meanwhile, the effects of state regulation remain largely unknown. If this snapshot of Florida regulation in 2017 is a good indicator, then the states are also active regulators, suggesting that the true impact of regulation on society is far greater than that of federal regulation alone.

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